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Texas Music Teachers Association

Whitlock Level Spring 2018



Student Affiliate Theory Test

Place	e label here or clearly print requested information.
Name	
	Last Name, First Name. Please print. ALPHA
	CODE School GradeDate
Notice:	Do NOT make extra marks or comments on the test. Points may be deducted.

Points

1. In each measure, draw a note on the **next** line or space (diatonic) that is a **half step higher** than the given note.

4

4



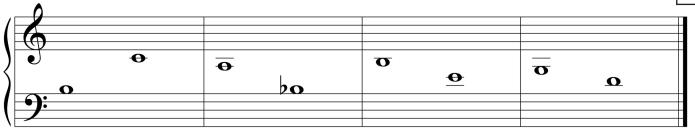
2. In each measure, draw a note on the **next** line or space (diatonic) that is a **whole step lower** than the given note.

Example:



3. In each measure, draw a circle around the *lower* sounding note.





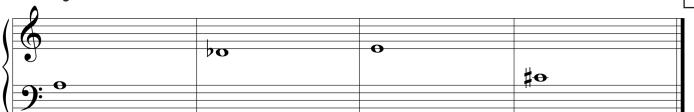
4. Identify each interval by **type** and **size** on the lines below each measure. Intervals will be **Major** or **Perfect**. Example: MAJ 2nd, PER 5th



2



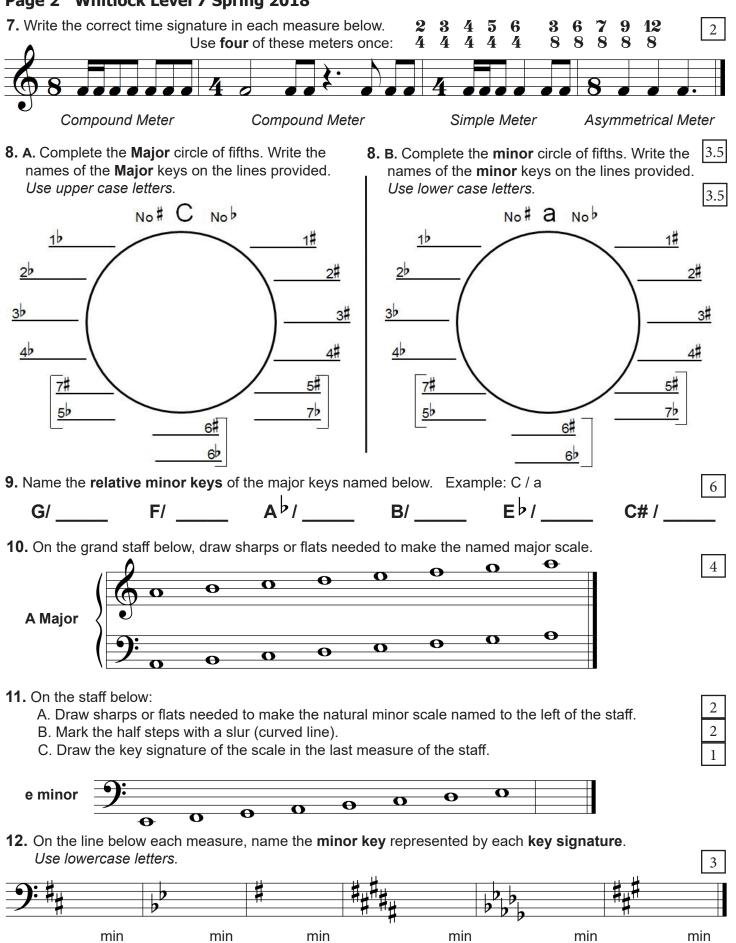
5. Rewrite the given note on the other staff. Your note must be the **same pitch** (same note) as the given note. *Use ledger lines if needed.*



6. Below the arrow in each measure, draw the **one rest** that has been left out of the measure. Do not use dotted rests.



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Name							
Last Name, First Na		Please print.					
13. On the grand staff below A. Draw the key signatu		n the treble and ba	ss staff for eac	ch named k	ev.		3
B. On the Bass staff, dra	aw only t	he root notes of th	ne I, IV, and V	triads. <i>Use</i>	e whole notes	S.	3
C. On the Treble Staff, o	construct	the I , IV , and V tri	ads in root pos	sition. <i>Use</i>	whole notes.		3
1							\blacksquare
			6				
$\{\mid \bullet \rangle$							
():			9:				
G Major : I	Γ	v v	E Major:	I	IV	V	
14. Build Major triads on the	e aiven ro	ot Do not change	the given no	te. Use acc	cidentals whe	n necessar	ν 5
The Bana major made on the	givoirio		tilo givon no		naomaio wiio		<i>y.</i>
		6			0		
			0	0		0	
15. For each measure below	/ :	$lackbox{lack}{lack}$					
A. Name the Major key		staff by almalians the					2
B. Identify the triad on the C. Identify the note in the		•					2
circling either root,		o. do 1.10 1001, 0 , 0		u 011 1110 111	obio otali by		2
		# 8	###	8	2 0		
	8	0		- O	8		
	0		<u>#_#.</u> .	-Θ	. 0		
	•	o	##"#		þ		
Identify key:	Major	Major		Major		Major	
Identify triad: I IV	V	I IV V			I IV	V	
Identify bass note: root 3rd	5 th	root 3 rd 5 ^t	h root	3 rd 5 th	root	3 rd 5 th	
16. Write the number of the	correct de	efinition in the blan	k. One definitio	on will not b	oe used.		10
Asymmetrical Mete	r 1.	A chromatic sign t	hat raises a to	ne two half	steps		
Binary Form	2.	A collection or set way	of pieces that	are related	l to one anoth	ner in some	:
Double Sharp	3.	A meter which is a	a combination	of an even	and odd simp	ole meter	
Natural Minor Scale	4.	A piece that has the	hree parts: sec	ctions A, B,	and A		
Sempre	5.	A piece that has to	wo sections: se	ections A a	nd B		
Subdominant	6.	A scale made up order: W H W W H	•	and half st	eps used in a	ascending	
Suite	7.	Always					
Ternary Form		An interval that ha	as three half st	eps and is	spelled as a s	skip	
Triad Fifth	9.	An interval that re	peats the very	same pitch	า		
Unison	10.	The fourth note of	a scale, scale	degree for	ur, a fifth belo	w tonic	
	11.	The highest pitch	of a triad (a fif	th above th	e root)		

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		•	name of the m a slash. Exam	•	he note in the l	bass is differen	nt from the ro
/ 9			цо	.p.oo. 0, 0/2, \			
(6	, 28		#8		8	8	
) •	<i>V</i> G				&		
	· I					•	
()	90		0		O		
8. In the mus			toff weite the	mama of the k	vay for this ava	mnlo	
			e key name.	name of the K	tey for this exa	пріе.	
	-		ompound, or	asvmmetrical	l meter?		
2110	•	ndante	p, -:				_
Key name:	/ 2 5						
Key Haille.	(6,4					- d: -	
	$\{ \mid \bullet \}$	•	0 0.		_		
	· (9:5	₹.	8 8:	8 •		\$:	
	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \						
			EAR '	TRAININ	IG		
	•		in broken and		`		
Identify ea	ach triad as	MAJ (majo	or), min (minor), or N (neithe	r).		
4	0	0	4	_	0	7	0
1	2	_ 3	4	5	6	/	8
0. You will he	ar four mea	asures of rh	ythmic dictatio	n. Fill in the b	lank measures	5.	
$\boldsymbol{\wedge}$							
7 3							
94							
ullet							
	•		•	. ,	, 2nd, 3rd, 5th,	•	, , ,
played bot	h broken a	nd blocked.	Write the size	of the interval	l in the proper l	blank. <i>Example</i>	e <i>:</i> 4 th
4	0	0	4	_	0	7	0
1	2	_ 3	4	5	6	/	8
2 Vou will be	ar four med	scures of ma	alodic dictation	in a major ke	y. Fill in the bla	ank measures	
2. Tou will fie	ai ioui iii c a	isules of file	siouic dictation	i iii a iiiajoi ke	y. Thi iii tile bi	alik illeasules.	
9.							
6 2 -							
4							
3. You will he	ar six scale	es. Each will	l ascend and d	lescend.			
			J (Major) or na		minor).		
•			` • •		,		
1	2		3	4	5	6.	
			BONUS	QUEST	ION		
On the line	holow ::s					maje u 4ula al -	ocondin = f
			•		of the indicated	•	•
the given re	ουι. Any sn	•	•		rrectly must be		e note name
		⊏nnarm	onic spellings	will flot be col	unted as correc	از.	
		F		E			

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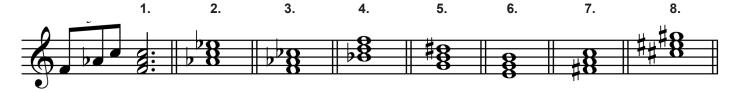
Student Affiliate Theory Test Ear Training Instructions Whitlock Level 7

For each question:

- A. Play according to suggested tempo.
- B. All examples are MM: J= 60
- C. Leave plenty of silence between repetitions to allow hearing mentally.
- D. Pause the audio tracks as needed to allow students time to write their answers.

Question 19: Triad Identification

- 1. Read the test question aloud and answer any questions.
- 2. Play each triad using the method illustrated in example one. Pause. Repeat.
- 3. Continue the same through all examples.
- 4. Play all examples once more, pausing briefly between each one.



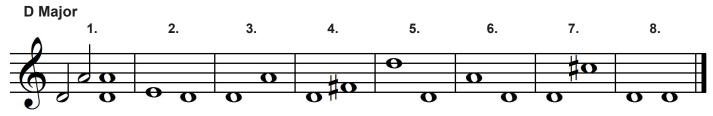
Question 20: Rhythmic Dictation

- 1. Read the test question aloud and answer any questions.
- 2. Explain that a four-measure example will be played all on one pitch. The students are to draw the types of notes they hear, where they are needed. The first measure is printed on the test.
- 3. Establish the tempo and beat by tapping and counting aloud two measures before playing each time. Do not count or tap while playing.
- 4. Play the example through, accenting the first beat of each measure.
- 5. Play again while the students sing and count aloud. Wait while they write.
- 6. Announce and play the first two measures. Pause. Repeat. Announce and play the last two measures. Pause. Repeat. After a pause for writing, play all four measures once more.



Question 21: Intervals

- 1. Read the test question aloud and answer any questions.
- 2. Play the major scale and tonic triad tones 1-3-5-3-1. Repeat the keynote and say its letter name.
- 3. Play the first example as a melodic interval and a harmonic interval. Pause. Repeat.
- 4. Continue through all examples using the method illustrated in example one.
- 5. Play all examples once more, pausing briefly between each interval.



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Ear Training Instructions (Continued)

Question 22: Melodic Dictation

- 1. Read the test question aloud and answer any questions. Explain that you will play a four-measure melody and explain the dictation procedure. The first measure is printed on the test.
- 2. Play the major scale and tonic triad tones 1-3-5-3-1. Repeat the keynote and say its letter name.
- 3. Establish the tempo and beat by tapping and counting aloud two measures before each time you play. Do not count or tap while playing.
- 4. Play all four measures at the tempo indicated. Repeat as the students sing along.
- 5. Announce and play the first two measures. Pause. Repeat.
- 6. Announce and play the last two measures preceded by the last note of measure two. Pause. Repeat.
- 7. After a pause for writing, play all four measures once more.



Question 23: Scale Identification

- 1. Read the test question aloud and answer any questions.
- 2. Play each example, as illustrated, twice.
- 3. Play all examples once more, pausing briefly between them.

